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## IN THE CLAIMS:

- (original) An endoscopic imaging apparatus comprising:
  an endoscope including a distal end;
  at least one ultrasound transducer contained within said distal end; and
  a covering fabricated from an electrically insulating material having a Thermal
  Conductance greater than 1 W/M-°K overlaying at least a portion of said distal end.
- 2. (original) The endoscopic imaging apparatus as in Claim 1, further comprising: controls for controlling the movement of the distal end; a signal processor for processing received signals from said at least one ultrasound transducer; and means for energizing the at least one ultrasonic transducer.
- 3. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 1, wherein said covering is in thermal contact with the at least one ultrasound transducer.
- 4. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 1, wherein said material is non-toxic.
- 5. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 1, wherein said material is non-reactive in the presence of bodily fluids.
- 6. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 1, wherein said material is selected from the group consisting of ceramic and diamond-coated copper.
- 7. (currently amended) The apparatus as in Claim 16, wherein said material comprises the ceramic is an Alumina-based ceramic.
- 8. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 1, wherein said material has a Thermal Conductance of approximately 30 W/M-VK.
- 9. (original) An apparatus for dissipating thermal energy produced by an endoscopic imaging apparatus, wherein the apparatus is configured and dimensioned to mate with a

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distal end of said imaging apparatus for dissipating thermal energy produced at said distal end, said apparatus fabricated from an electrically insulating material having a Thermal Conductance greater than 1 W/M-°K.

- 10. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 9, wherein said material is selected from the group consisting of ceramic and diamond-coated copper.
- 11. (currently amended) The apparatus as in Claim <u>910</u>, wherein the coramic is said material comprises an Alumina-based ceramic.
- 12. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 9, wherein said material is non-toxic when in contact with a patient's internal structures.
- 13. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 9, wherein said material is non-reactive in the presence of bodily fluids.
- 14. (original) The apparatus as in Claim 9, wherein said material has a Thermal Conductance of approximately 30 W/M-°K.
- 15. (original) A method for scanning a patient's heart using a TEE probe comprising of the steps of:

providing an endoscope having a distal end having a portion thereof fabricated from an electrically insulating material having a Thermal Conductance greater than 1 W/M-°K; and guiding the endoscope including a distal end.

- 16. (original) The method as in Claim 15, wherein said material is non-toxic.
- 17. (original) The method as in Claim 15, wherein said material is non-reactive in the presence of bodily fluids.
- 18. (original) The method as in Claim 15, wherein said material is selected from the group consisting of ceramic and diamond-coated Copper.

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- 19. (currently amended) The method as in Claim 15, wherein the ceramic is said material comprises an Alumina-based ceramic.
- 20. (original) The method as in Claim 15, wherein said material has a Thermal Conductance of approximately 30 W/M-°K.
- 21. (original) A device for passively dissipating thermal energy produced by at least one transducer located at a distal end of an endoscopic imaging apparatus, wherein said device is configured and dimensioned to encase the at least one transducer, said device having at least the following properties: electrically insulating;
- a Thermal Conductance greater than 1 W/M-°K; and substantially non-reactivity in the presence of bodily fluids.